

Few steps to build and update AIX NIM Server

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This is what I am going to show you in this example. I will start from basic level and then I will cover few advanced level. Only thing I won't cover is Primary/Alternate NIM master server. I prefer two Primary NIM servers instead as I had lot more issue with Primary/Alternate NIM master model.

1. Building the NIM Server.
 - a) Copying AIX images from CD/DVD
 - b) Building NIM Server
 - c) Creating lpp_source from the existing image
 - d) Creating spot from the lpp_source
 - e) Create 2nd NIM Interface (P6/P7 Server won't boot using this method)
 - f) Create/define NIM Clients

2. Using the NIM Server
 - a) Loading two lpar from newly built NIM Server using RTE
 - b) Create mkysyb image of sidtest2.
 - c) Load sidtes3 Server using mkysyb of sidtest2.
 - d) How to create a new lpp_source from existing one and update it with downloaded Service Packs or Technology level from IBM Fix Central and create a new spot.

Here is Hardware configuration. Most important you need to know is that you must create the lpp_source using all the available AIX CD/DVDs for a specific version. For example I will copy contents of all 8 AIX 5.3 TL12 CDs to my 530TL12BASE Lpp Source. Whether you believe or not but if you want to recover your Server to different Hardware or in a Disaster Recovery site you will need it. Also this process can be disastrous if proper care not taken. So must be exercised in test boxes only. I assume you know that NIM Server OS level and NIM master fileset has to be the at least same level or higher than the server OS level you are going to install. This is the only limited to NIM which is not the case of HP-UX Ignite-UX or Solaris Jumpstart.

```
System Model: IBM_9113-550
Processor Type: PowerPC_POWER5
Processor Implementation Mode: POWER 5
Processor Version: PV_5
Number Of Processors: 2
Processor Clock Speed: 1654 MHz
CPU Type: 64-bit
Kernel Type: 64-bit
LPAR Info: 2 sidtest1
Memory Size: 4096 MB
Good Memory Size: 4096 MB
Platform Firmware level: SF240_403
Firmware Version: IBM.SF240_403
Console Login: enable
Auto Restart: true
Full Core: false
```

Here is the list of all the disks available/used in this lpar

```

root@sidnim-</>|spv
hdisk0      none                None
hdisk1      none                None
hdisk2      none                None
hdisk3      00cba1ee43f582ca      rootvg      active
hdisk4      none                None
hdisk5      none                None
hdisk6      none                None
root@sidnim-</>|sdev -Cc disk
hdisk0 Available 02-08-02      MPIIO Other DS4K Array Disk
hdisk1 Available 02-08-02      MPIIO Other DS4K Array Disk
hdisk2 Available 02-08-02      MPIIO Other DS4K Array Disk
hdisk3 Available 04-08-00-3,0 16 Bit LVD SCSI Disk Drive
hdisk4 Available 04-08-00-4,0 16 Bit LVD SCSI Disk Drive
hdisk5 Available 04-08-00-5,0 16 Bit LVD SCSI Disk Drive
hdisk6 Available 04-08-00-8,0 16 Bit LVD SCSI Disk Drive

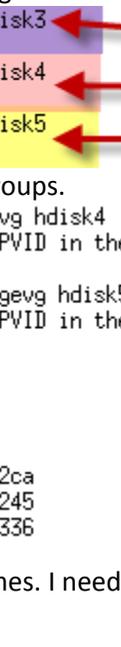
```

When I build NIM server for clients I mirror all the Logical Volumes. But for this example I won't mirror any disk. As hdisk3 is root disk I will use hdisk4 for all my LPP resources and spots and I will use hdisk5 to save all future mksysb images.

```

root@sidnim-</>bootinfo -s hdisk3
140013
root@sidnim-</>bootinfo -s hdisk4
140013
root@sidnim-</>bootinfo -s hdisk5
140013

```



So I will create two Volume groups.

```

root@sidnim-</>mkvg -f -y nimvg hdisk4
0516-1254 mkvg: Changing the PVID in the ODM.
nimvg
root@sidnim-</>mkvg -f -y imagevg hdisk5
0516-1254 mkvg: Changing the PVID in the ODM.
imagevg
root@sidnim-</>|spv
hdisk0      none                None
hdisk1      none                None
hdisk2      none                None
hdisk3      00cba1ee43f582ca      rootvg      active
hdisk4      00cba1ee91ce0245      nimvg       active
hdisk5      00cba1ee91ce3336      imagevg     active
hdisk6      none                None

```

Now I will create logical volumes. I need to know the total PPs and PP Size.

```

root@sidnim-</>|svgs nimvg
VOLUME GROUP:      nimvg
VG STATE:          active
VG PERMISSION:    read/write
MAX LVs:          256
LVs:              0
OPEN LVs:         0
TOTAL PVs:        1
STALE PVs:        0
ACTIVE PVs:       1
MAX PPs per VG:   32512
MAX PPs per PV:   1016
LTG size (Dynamic): 256 kilobyte(s)
HOT SPARE:        no
PV RESTRICTION:   none
VG IDENTIFIER:    00cba1ee00004c000000013491ce029d
PP SIZE:          256 megabyte(s)
TOTAL PPs:        546 (139776 megabytes)
FREE PPs:         546 (139776 megabytes)
USED PPs:         0 (0 megabytes)
QUORUM:           2 (Enabled)
VG DESCRIPTORS:   2
STALE PPs:        0
AUTO ON:          yes
MAX PVs:          32
AUTO SYNC:        no
BB POLICY:        relocatable

```

I will create a 100GB Logical Volume and filesystem.

```

root@sidnim-</>|mklv -y exportlv -t jfs2 nimvg 400
exportlv

```

```

root@sidnim-(</>)lsvg -l nimvg
nimvg:
LV NAME          TYPE      LPs      PPs      PVs  LV STATE      MOUNT POINT
exportlv         jfs2     400      400      1   closed/syncd  N/A
root@sidnim-(</>)lslv exportlv
LOGICAL VOLUME:  exportlv          VOLUME GROUP:  nimvg
LV IDENTIFIER:  00cba1ee00004c000000013491ce029d.1 PERMISSION:     read/write
VG STATE:       active/complete  LV STATE:       closed/syncd
TYPE:          jfs2             WRITE VERIFY:   off
MAX LPs:       512             PP SIZE:        256 megabyte(s)
COPIES:        1               SCHEM POLICY:   parallel
LPs:           400             PPs:            400
STALE PPs:     0               BB POLICY:      relocatable
INTER-POLICY:  minimum         RELOCATABLE:   yes
INTRA-POLICY:  middle          UPPER BOUND:   32
MOUNT POINT:   N/A             LABEL:          None
MIRROR WRITE CONSISTENCY: on/ACTIVE
EACH LP COPY ON A SEPARATE PV?: yes
Serialize IO?: NO
root@sidnim-(</>)crfs -v jfs2 -d exportlv -p rw -m /export -A yes
File system created successfully.
104854196 kilobytes total disk space.
New File System size is 209715200

```

After running "mount all" command here is "df -g" output

```

root@sidnim-(</>)df -g
Filesystem      GB blocks      Free %Used      Iused %Iused Mounted on
/dev/hd4        0.50           0.32 36%        9899 12% /
/dev/hd2        3.00           0.95 69%       40931 16% /usr
/dev/hd9var     1.00           0.74 26%        5685  4% /var
/dev/hd3        1.00           1.00 1%          79  1% /tmp
/dev/hd1        0.25           0.24 6%          23  1% /home
/dev/hd11admin  0.25           0.25 1%          5  1% /admin
/proc           -              -    -           -    - /proc
/dev/hd10opt    2.00           1.83 9%         7007  2% /opt
/dev/livedump   0.25           0.25 1%          4  1% /var/adm/ras/livedump
/dev/lv-utility 32.00          22.18 31%        6608  1% /utility
/dev/exportlv  100.00         99.98 1%          4  1% /export

```

Now I will create the lv and filesystem for mksysb images. Here is output.

```

root@sidnim-(</>)mklv -y imagelv -t jfs2 imagevg 400
imagelv
root@sidnim-(</>)crfs -v jfs2 -d imagelv -p rw -m //images -A yes
File system created successfully.
104854196 kilobytes total disk space.
New File System size is 209715200
root@sidnim-(</>)df
Filesystem      512-blocks      Free %Used      Iused %Iused Mounted on
/dev/hd4        1048576         674664 36%        9905 12% /
/dev/hd2        6291456         1997296 69%       40931 16% /usr
/dev/hd9var     2097152         1557256 26%        5686  4% /var
/dev/hd3        2097152         2092360 1%          79  1% /tmp
/dev/hd1        524288          496040 6%          23  1% /home
/dev/hd11admin  524288          523488 1%          5  1% /admin
/proc           -              -    -           -    - /proc
/dev/hd10opt    4194304         3835176 9%         7007  2% /opt
/dev/livedump   524288          523552 1%          4  1% /var/adm/ras/livedump
/dev/lv-utility 67108864        46516984 31%        6608  1% /utility
/dev/exportlv  209715200       209682520 1%          4  1% /export
/dev/imagelv   209715200       209682520 1%          4  1% /images

```

Now you can mount the 1st CD (1 of 8) or 1st DVD (1 of 3) and copy all its content to /export/lpp_source directory. After putting AIX 7.1 TL0 DVD in the DVD Ram drive

```

root@sidnim-(</>)mount -v cdrfs -o ro /dev/cd0 /mnt

```

Also I want all the LPP Source to be created on /export/lpp_source directory and all the spots will be in /export/spot directory. Now I won't be able to create one lpp source or spot

Installing Software...

```
installp: APPLYING software for:
        bos.sysmgt.nim.master 7.1.0.0
```

```
..... << Copyright notice for bos.sysmgt >> .....
Licensed Materials - Property of IBM
```

```
5765H4000
  Copyright International Business Machines Corp. 1993, 2010.
```

```
All rights reserved.
US Government Users Restricted Rights - Use, duplication or disclosure
restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.
```

```
..... << End of copyright notice for bos.sysmgt >> .....
```

```
Finished processing all filesets. (Total time: 13 secs).
```

Summaries:

Installation Summary

Name	Level	Part	Event	Result
bos.sysmgt.nim.master	7.1.0.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS

Now if I run lsnim command it will show something like this

```
root@sidnim-</>lsnim
0042-012 lsnim: this command may only be executed on a
        NIM master
```

Now I will configure the NIM Master

```
root@sidnim-</>nimconfig -apif_name=en0 -anetname=MASTER_NET -aplatform=chrp \
> -anetboot_kernel=64 -acable_type=tp -a client_reg=yes
0513-071 The nimesis Subsystem has been added.
0513-071 The nimd Subsystem has been added.
0513-059 The nimesis Subsystem has been started. Subsystem PID is 5505162.
```

Here is lsnim output

```
root@sidnim-</>lsnim -l master
master:
  class           = machines
  type            = master
  max_nimesis_threads = 20
  comments        = machine which controls the NIM environment
  platform        = chrp
  netboot_kernel  = 64
  if1             = MASTER_NET sidnim 0002552FC962
  cable_type1     = tp
  Cstate          = ready for a NIM operation
  prev_state      =
  Mstate          = currently running
  serves          = boot
  serves          = nim_script
  master_port     = 1058
  registration_port = 1059
  reserved        = yes
```

Now I will create lpp_source from the images I copied from CD/DVD. It takes only few minutes (2-3 minutes)

```
root@sidnim-</>nim -o define -t lpp_source -a server=master \  
> -a location=/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP1lpp 710TLOSP1lpp  
Preparing to copy install images (this will take several minutes)...
```

```
Now checking for missing install images...  
All required install images have been found. This lpp_source is now ready.
```

Now I will create the 2nd lpp_source same way.

```
root@sidnim-</>nim -o define -t lpp_source -a server=master \  
> -a location=/export/lpp_source/610TL6SP2lpp 610TL6SP2lpp  
Preparing to copy install images (this will take several minutes)...
```

```
Now checking for missing install images...  
All required install images have been found. This lpp_source is now ready.  
root@sidnim-</>█
```

Here is the list of two lpp_source I just created

```
root@sidnim-</>lsnim -t lpp_source  
710TLOSP1lpp    resources    lpp_source  
610TL6SP2lpp    resources    lpp_source
```

Creating spots from the above lpp_source. Each spot will take at least 25-30 minutes to be created.

```
root@sidnim-</>nim -o define -t spot -a server=master -a location=/export/spot \  
> -a source=710TLOSP1lpp 710TLOSP1spot
```

```
Creating SPOT in "/export/spot" on machine "master" from "710TLOSP1lpp" ...
```

```
Restoring files from BOS image. This may take several minutes ...
```

After several minutes

```
    /usr/sbin/rsct/install/bin/ctposti  
0513-071 The ctrmc Subsystem has been added.  
done
```

```
+-----+  
                        Summaries:  
+-----+
```

Installation Summary

Name	Level	Part	Event	Result
rsct.core.utils	3.1.0.1	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.utils	3.1.0.1	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.sr	3.1.0.1	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.sr	3.1.0.1	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.sec	3.1.0.1	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.sec	3.1.0.1	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.rmc	3.1.0.1	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.rmc	3.1.0.1	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.hostrm	3.1.0.1	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
rsct.core.hostrm	3.1.0.1	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS

```
Checking filesets and network boot images for SPOT "710TLOSP1spot".  
This may take several minutes ...
```

```
root@sidnim-</>█
```

Now "lsnim -t spot" output

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -t spot
710TLOSP1spot _ resources spot
```

Creating the 2nd spot

```
root@sidnim-(</>)nim -o define -t spot -a server=master -a location=/export/spot \
> -a source=610TL6SP2lpp 610TL6SP2spot
```

Creating SPOT in "/export/spot" on machine "master" from "610TL6SP2lpp" ...

Restoring files from BOS image. This may take several minutes ...

Installing filesets ...

Be sure to check the output from the SPOT installation to verify that all the expected software was successfully installed. You can use the NIM "showlog" operation to view the installation log file for the SPOT.

After several minutes

bos.rte.archive	6.1.6.0	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.rte.SRC	6.1.6.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.rte.SRC	6.1.6.0	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.rte.ILS	6.1.6.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.rte.ILS	6.1.6.0	ROOT	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.rte.Dt	6.1.2.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.iconv.ucs.com	6.1.6.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.iconv.com	6.1.6.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS
bos.adt.lib	6.1.2.0	USR	APPLY	SUCCESS

Checking filesets and network boot images for SPOT "610TL6SP2spot".
This may take several minutes ...

```
root@sidnim-(</>)
```

Now "lsnim -t spot" output

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -t spot
710TLOSP1spot resources spot
610TL6SP2spot resources spot
```

Now I am ready to configure the clients. Before I configure the clients I will define the 2nd interface to serve another SUBNET which is in different vlan. 2nd IP of this NIM server is 10.10.10.1 and gateway will be same as the NIM IP and subnet 255.255.255.224. Now I will define the 2nd interface

```
root@sidnim-(</>)chdev -l en1 -a netaddr=10,10,10,1 -a netmask=255,255,255,224 \
> -a state=up
en1 changed
```

Now "ifconfig en1"

```
root@sidnim-(</>)ifconfig en1
en1: flags=5e080863,c0<UP,BROADCAST,NOTRAILERS,RUNNING,SIMPLEX,MULTICAST,GROUPRT,64BIT,CHECKSUM_0
FFLOAD(ACTIVE),PSEGE,LARGESSEND,CHAIN>
    inet 10,10,10,1 netmask 0xffffffe0 broadcast 10,10,10,31
    tcp_sendspace 131072 tcp_recvspace 65536 rfc1323 0
```

Now I will create the 2nd NIM Interface

```
root@sidnim-(</>)nim -o define -t ent -a net_addr=10,10,10,1 \
> -a snm=255,255,255,224 -a routing1="default 10,10,10,1" SEC_NIM
```

Now "lsnim -c networks" output

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -c networks
MASTER_NET networks ent
SEC_NIM networks ent
```

Now "lsnim -l SEC_NIM"

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -l SEC_NIM
SEC_NIM:
  class      = networks
  type       = ent
  Nstate     = ready for use
  prev_state =
  net_addr   = 10.10.10.0
  snm        = 255.255.255.224
  routing1   = default 10.10.10.1
```

I built few hundred NIM servers for our clients using the same method I did to create secondary NIM Interface. I created 4-5 NIM interfaces using the same method. But starting P6/P7 Server this method doesn't work. I still need to figure out a substitute for this method for P6/P7 Servers. Anyway I will create the clients now. To do that I have to add the entries in /etc/hosts file if not already there.

I don't need any entry for the secondary NIM IP in /etc/hosts.

```
172.21.64.176 sidnim
172.21.64.177 sidtest2
10.10.10.11 sidtest3
```

Now I will create the clients. Normally I write a script to define few hundred clients. Also I wrote a shell script

which is menu driven and anyone with zero AIX skill can build a NIM server if lpp_sources available somewhere

to copy from. If I get time I will add steps in my script to create lpp_source from CD/DVD. Anyway I will create

the clients now. I like to put the IP Address in the comments section which helps me to find out the IP address from a single command.

```
root@sidnim-(</scripts>)nim -o define -t standalone -a platform=chrp \
> -a netboot_kernel=mp -a if1="find_net sidtest2 0" \
> -a comments=172.21.64.177 sidtest2
root@sidnim-(</scripts>)nim -o define -t standalone -a platform=chrp \
> -a netboot_kernel=mp -a if1="find_net sidtest3 0" \
> -a comments=10.10.10.11 sidtest3
```

Here is "lsnim -c machines" output

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -c machines
master      machines      master
sidtest2    machines      standalone
sidtest3    machines      standalone
```

And details information of these two clients

```

root@sidnim-~/scripts>lsnim -l sidtest2
sidtest2:
  class      = machines
  type       = standalone
  comments   = 172.21.64.177
  connect    = shell
  platform   = chrp
  netboot_kernel = mp
  if1        = MASTER_NET sidtest2 0
  cable_type1 = N/A
  Cstate     = ready for a NIM operation
  prev_state = ready for a NIM operation
  Mstate     = currently running
root@sidnim-~/scripts>lsnim -l sidtest3
sidtest3:
  class      = machines
  type       = standalone
  comments   = 10.10.10.11
  connect    = shell
  platform   = chrp
  netboot_kernel = mp
  if1        = SEC_NIM sidtest3 0
  cable_type1 = N/A
  Cstate     = ready for a NIM operation
  prev_state = ready for a NIM operation
  Mstate     = not running

```

Now I will allocate NIM resources and load two lpars. (For more NIM Commands please see the AIX page of my website http://sinhass.com/Aix_tips_troubleshoot.aspx)

```

root@sidnim-~/>nim -o bos_inst -a source=rte -a spot=710TLOSP1spot \
> -a lpp_source=710TLOSP1lpp -a accept_licenses=yes -a no_client_boot=yes \
> -a set_bootlist=no -a force_push=no sidtest2

```

Command is successful now I will check the result.

```

root@sidnim-~/>lsnim -l sidtest2
sidtest2:
  class      = machines
  type       = standalone
  comments   = 172.21.64.177
  connect    = shell
  platform   = chrp
  netboot_kernel = mp
  if1        = MASTER_NET sidtest2 0
  cable_type1 = N/A
  Cstate     = BOS installation has been enabled
  prev_state = ready for a NIM operation
  Mstate     = currently running
  boot       = boot
  lpp_source = 710TLOSP1lpp
  nim_script = nim_script
  spot      = 710TLOSP1spot
  control    = master

```

Above output looking as expected. Now I will start booting the sidtest2 lpar from network.

From sidtest2 server

```

root@sidtest2-~/root>bootlist -m normal ent0 speed=auto duplex=auto \
> bserver=172.21.64.176 client=172.21.64.177 gateway=0.0.0.0

```

And "bootlist -m normal" output

```

root@sidtest2-~/root>bootlist -m normal -o
ent0 speed=auto duplex=auto bserver=172.21.64.176 client=172.21.64.177 gateway=0
.0.0.0

```

Now I will reboot sidtest2 and it will automatically boot from network if everything else is fine. We will know

in a moment. I am not going into all the details about NIM troubleshooting as I almost never faced any issue

with NIM booting issue if everything done properly. Few times I found tftp blocked in VLAN and we had to move NIM Server and clients to different VLAN and it worked. One more thing you must be careful about any typo in /etc/hosts file. Here it is booting.

```
-----  
                          Welcome to AIX.  
                          boot image timestamp: 15:47 12/31  
                          The current time and date: 15:59:50 12/31/2011  
                          processor count: 2; memory size: 4096MB; kernel size: 35064581  
boot device: /pci@800000002000000c/pci@2/ethernet@1:speed=auto,duplex=auto,bootp,  
172.21.64.176,,172.21.64.177,0.0.0.0  
-----
```

And now waiting for me to start. Now this is not part of what I want to show but few people requested me to provide all the details. So I will show all the steps I do from Client side too. I will type 1 and hit enter to select this terminal as console.

```
***** Please define the System Console. *****
```

```
Type a 1 and press Enter to use this terminal as the  
system console.  
Pour definir ce terminal comme console systeme, appuyez  
sur 1 puis sur Entree.  
Taste 1 und anschliessend die Eingabetaste druecken, um  
diese Datenstation als Systemkonsole zu verwenden.  
Premere il tasto 1 ed Invio per usare questo terminal  
come console.  
Escriba 1 y pulse Intro para utilizar esta terminal como  
consola del sistema.  
Escriviu 1 i premeu Intro per utilitzar aquest  
terminal com a consola del sistema.  
Digite um 1 e pressione Enter para utilizar este terminal  
como console do sistema.
```

Next screen I will type 1 and hit Enter again to select "English". I will crop the images to delete unnecessary blank spaces. So Screen shot will be smaller than actual.

```
>>> 1 Type 1 and press Enter to have English during install.
```

```
88 Help ?
```

```
>>> Choice [1]: 1█
```

Now I will select Option 2 below and hit Enter

Welcome to Base Operating System
Installation and Maintenance

Type the number of your choice and press Enter. Choice is indicated by >>>.

- >>> 1 Start Install Now with Default Settings
- 2 Change/Show Installation Settings and Install
- 3 Start Maintenance Mode for System Recovery
- 4 Configure Network Disks (iSCSI)
- 5 Select Storage Adapters

- 88 Help ?
- 99 Previous Menu

>>> Choice [1]: 2

I will select 2 here

Now as I am going to wipe out existing OS from my test lpar I will select 1 here. You must be careful with what you are doing here.

Installation and Settings

Either type 0 and press Enter to install with current settings, or type the number of the setting you want to change and press Enter.

- 1 System Settings:
 - Method of Installation.....Migration
 - Disk Where You Want to Install.....hdisk7
 - 2 Primary Language Environment Settings (AFTER Install):
 - Cultural Convention.....C (POSIX)
 - Language.....C (POSIX)
 - Keyboard.....C (POSIX)
 - 3 Security Model.....Default
 - 4 More Options (Software install options)
 - 5 Select Edition.....express
- >>> 0 Install with the settings listed above.

- 88 Help ?
 - 99 Previous Menu
- | WARNING: Base Operating System Installation will
| destroy or impair recovery of SOME data on the
| destination disk hdisk7.

>>> Choice [0]: 1

I will select 1 here

I will select 1 again as I am reloading this test box. Be careful with what you are doing here.

Change Method of Installation

Type the number of the installation method and press Enter.

- 1 New and Complete Overwrite
Overwrites EVERYTHING on the disk selected for installation.
Warning: Only use this method if the disk is totally empty or if there is nothing on the disk you want to preserve.
- 2 Preservation Install
Preserves SOME of the existing data on the disk selected for installation. Warning: This method overwrites the usr (/usr), variable (/var), temporary (/tmp), and root (/) file systems. Other product (applications) files and configuration data will be destroyed.
- >>> 3 Migration Install
Upgrades the Base Operating System to the current release.
Other product (applications) files and configuration data are saved.

- 88 Help ?
- 99 Previous Menu

>>> Choice [3]: 1

Now next screen it will show me list of all the disks presented to this lpar which includes SAN Disks, other Volume Groups etc. Now not necessarily it will tell you proper VG status. It is your responsibility to select the proper disk. For example hdisk1 and hdisk2 below is part of my SAN Disks used in GPFS Cluster but from the screen below there is no way to tell that. So take extreme caution when you load a server from this test example. I should not be blamed or responsible for any mistake you do here. Anyway I didn't see my original root disk so I will type "6" for "More Choices" in next page and see

Change Disk(s) Where You Want to Install

Type one or more numbers for the disk(s) to be used for installation and press Enter. To cancel a choice, type the corresponding number and Press Enter. At least one bootable disk must be selected. The current choice is indicated by >>>.

	Name	Location Code	Size(MB)	VG Status	Bootable
1	hdisk0	03-08-02	1024	none	Yes No
2	hdisk1	03-08-02	204800	none	Yes No
3	hdisk2	03-08-02	204800	none	Yes No
4	hdisk3	04-08-00-8,0	70006	none	Yes No
5	hdisk4	04-08-00-9,0	70006	none	Yes No
6	MORE CHOICES...				

- >>> 0 Continue with choices indicated above
- 55 More Disk Options
- 66 Disks not known to Base Operating System Installation
- 77 Display Alternative Disk Attributes
- 88 Help ?
- 99 Previous Menu

I will select 6 here as I don't see the original rootdisk

>>> Choice [0]: 6

Now I can see the original root disk. Depending on original mirror setting I will select One disk or two disk.

If this is initial load then I would like to select one disk for root and after OS load completed then I will do

Mirroring. If I select two disks now it won't mirror. But it is different in case of mksysb which I will do later.

For now I won't change anything and will just continue as I will overwrite the existing disk for my test.

Change Disk(s) Where You Want to Install

Type one or more numbers for the disk(s) to be used for installation and press Enter. To cancel a choice, type the corresponding number and Press Enter. At least one bootable disk must be selected. The current choice is indicated by >>>.

	Name	Location Code	Size(MB)	VG Status	Bootable
>>>	7	...	PREVIOUS CHOICES		
	8	hdisk5	04-08-00-10,0	70006 none	Yes No
	9	hdisk6	04-08-00-11,0	70006 none	Yes No
>>>	10	hdisk7	04-08-01-8,0	140013 rootvg	Yes No
	11	hdisk8	04-08-01-9,0	140013 none	Yes No

- 0 Continue with choices indicated above
- 55 More Disk Options
- 66 Disks not known to Base Operating System Installation
- 77 Display Alternative Disk Attributes
- 88 Help ?
- 99 Previous Menu

>>> Choice [7]: 0

Next screen I will select "0" and hit enter

Installation and Settings

Either type 0 and press Enter to install with current settings, or type the number of the setting you want to change and press Enter.

- 1 System Settings:
 - Method of Installation.....New and Complete Overwrite
 - Disk Where You Want to Install.....hdisk7
 - 2 Primary Language Environment Settings (AFTER Install):
 - Cultural Convention.....C (POSIX)
 - Language.....C (POSIX)
 - Keyboard.....C (POSIX)
 - 3 Security Model.....Default
 - 4 More Options (Software install options)
 - 5 Select Edition.....express
- >>> 0 Install with the settings listed above.

```
88 Help ? | -----
99 Previous Menu | WARNING: Base Operating System Installation will
                | destroy or impair recovery of ALL data on the
                | destination disk hdisk7.
```

>>> Choice [0]:

Now final screen and after verifying all information I will hit Enter.

Overwrite Installation Summary

```
Disks: hdisk7
Cultural Convention: C
Language: C
Keyboard: C
JFS2 File Systems Created: yes
Graphics Software: yes
System Management Client Software: yes
Enable System Backups to install any system: yes
Selected Edition: express
```

Optional Software being installed:

```
>>> 1 Continue with Install
      88 Help ? | -----
      99 Previous Menu | WARNING: Base Operating System Installation will
                       | destroy or impair recovery of ALL data on the
                       | destination disk hdisk7.
>>> Choice [1]: █
```

After I hit enter it will start loading the server. I will check back this server in 45 minutes.

Installing Base Operating System

Please wait...

Approximate	Elapsed time
% tasks complete	(in minutes)

█	0	0
---	---	---

And now I will start the loading sidtest3 which will be loaded from the secondary NIM interface. I will allocate the NIM resources same way I did before for sidtest2. And now I will reboot the lpar to network boot. This time I will show you the standard way. I will press "1" here or from HMC I can force it to boot to SMS mode. Please refer to my VIO blog for those screen shots.

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NIC Adapters	Device	Location Code	Hardware Address
1.	PORT - 1 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T2	001a64d77760
2.	PORT - 2 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T1	001a64d77761
3.	PORT - 1 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T2	001a64d77300
4.	PORT - 2 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T1	001a64d77301
5.	PORT - 1 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T2	001a64d776f0
6.	PORT - 2 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T1	001a64d776f1
7.	PORT - 1 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T2	001a64a9d6d0
8.	PORT - 2 IBM Host Ethernet Ada	-P1-C10-T1	001a64a9d6d1
9.	Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/100	-P1-C01-T1	001a649104ea
10.	Port 2 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/100	-P1-C01-T2	001a649104eb
11.	Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/100	-P1-C03-T1	001125a594ba
12.	Port 2 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/100	-P1-C03-T2	001125a594bb

Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu N = Next page of list
ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:9

Next Screen I will select option "1" for IPV4 and hit enter.

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Select Internet Protocol Version.

1. IPv4 - Address Format 123.231.111.222
 2. IPv6 - Address Format 1234:5678:90ab:cdef:1234:5678:90ab:cdef
-

Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu X = eXit System Management Services
ESC key = return to previous screen

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:1

Next I will select BOOTP , Option "1" and hit enter

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Select Network Service.

1. BOOTP
 2. ISCSI
-

Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu X = eXit System Management Services
ESC key = return to previous screen

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:1

Here I will select 1 to setup IP Parameter.

```
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```

```
-----
Network Parameters
Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter: ██████████ -P1-C01-
1. IP Parameters
2. Adapter Configuration
3. Ping Test
4. Advanced Setup: BOOTP
```

```
-----
Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen          X = eXit System Management Services
```

```
-----
Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:1█
```

Next screen after setting up all IP Parameter. Now it was not necessary to give Gateway IP Address as they are in same vlan.

```
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```

```
-----
IP Parameters
1. Client IP Address           [10.10.10.11]
2. Server IP Address          [10.10.10.1]
3. Gateway IP Address         [10.10.10.1]
4. Subnet Mask                 [255.255.255.224]
```

```
-----
Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen          X = eXit System Management Services
```

```
-----
Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:█
```

I will click "Esc" key and go back to previous screen now. And then Option "2" to change speed/duplex etc.

```
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```

```
-----
Network Parameters
Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter: ██████████ -P1-C01-
1. IP Parameters
2. Adapter Configuration
3. Ping Test
4. Advanced Setup: BOOTP
```

```
-----
Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen          X = eXit System Management Services
```

```
-----
Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:2█
```

Next Screen I will go to Option "1" and change speed/duplex to auto/auto, then Option "2" and make sure "Spanning Tree" is disabled. No need to change Protocol.

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Adapter Configuration
Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter: [REDACTED] -P1-C01-
1. Speed,Duplex
2. Spanning Tree Enabled
3. Protocol

Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key: █

Once all these set I will press "Esc" once. And do the "Ping Test" I will type "3" and Enter

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Network Parameters
Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter: [REDACTED] P1-C01-
1. IP Parameters
2. Adapter Configuration
3. Ping Test
4. Advanced Setup: BOOTP

Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:3 █

Next Screen will display the setting and if everything looks good I will type "1" and Enter.
If not then I have to go back and setup proper IP/Subnet/Gateway.

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Ping Test
Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter: [REDACTED] -P1-C01

Speed, Duplex: auto,auto
Client IP Address: 10.10.10.11
Server IP Address: 10.10.10.1
Gateway IP Address: 10.10.10.1
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.224
Protocol: Standard
Spanning Tree Enabled: 0
Connector Type:
1. Execute Ping Test

Navigation keys:
M = return to Main Menu
ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key: █

If everything is OK then next screen will be like this. (Screen shot cropped).

```
| Ping Success. |
```

Press any key to continue..... █

Now I will hit "Enter" and then just type "m" and it will bring me to the Main Menu. I will select Option "5" to "Select Boot Options"

```
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```

```
-----
Main Menu
1.  Select Language
2.  Setup Remote IPL (Initial Program Load)
3.  Change SCSI Settings
4.  Select Console
5.  Select Boot Options
-----
```

Navigation Keys:

X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:5

Next I will select Option "1" to "Select Install/Boot Device"

```
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```

```
-----
Multiboot
1.  Select Install/Boot Device
2.  Configure Boot Device Order
3.  Multiboot Startup <OFF>
-----
```

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu

ESC key = return to previous screen

X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

I will select option "6" for "Network"

```
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```

```
-----
Select Device Type
1.  Diskette
2.  Tape
3.  CD/DVD
4.  IDE
5.  Hard Drive
6.  Network
7.  List all Devices
-----
```

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu

ESC key = return to previous screen

X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

I will select option "1" next for "Bootp"

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Select Network Service.

1. BOOTP
2. ISCSI

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu

ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:1

Next screen it will show lot of Ethernet Cards. But I don't see the card I want to boot from so I will press "n" to go to next page

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Select Device

Device Number	Current Position	Device Name
1.	-	PORT - 1 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T2)
2.	-	Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T1)
3.	-	Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T2)
4.	-	Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T1)
5.	-	Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T2)
6.	-	Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T1)

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu N = Next page of list

ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

Now I see the card at option "9". I will select that.

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Select Device

7.	-	PORT - 1 IBM Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T2)
8.	-	Host Ethernet Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C10-T1)
9.	-	2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C01-T1)
10.	-	2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C01-T2)
11.	-	2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C03-T1)
12.	-	2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C03-T2)
13.	-	2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter
	(loc=	-P1-C01-T1)

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu N = Next page of list P = Previous page of list

ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:

Next Option "2" to "Normal Mode Boot"

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Select Task

Port 1 - IBM 2 PORT 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI-X Adapter
(loc= -P1-C01-T1)

1. Information
2. Normal Mode Boot
3. Service Mode Boot

Navigation keys:

M = return to Main Menu

ESC key = return to previous screen X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:█

Now option "1" to "Yes"

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Are you sure you want to exit System Management Services?

1. Yes
2. No

Navigation Keys:

X = eXit System Management Services

Type menu item number and press Enter or select Navigation key:█

Now it will start loading. I will check back in 45 minutes. I will check sidtest2 server. Both lpars loaded using RTE. I will create mkysyb image in sidtest2 (mma, P6) server install it to sidtest3 (p5). In sidtest2 Server I created another volume group to save my mkysyb file. Here it is completed. Remember you must use -p whenever you create a mkysyb image in a tape or a file. This ensures that software packaging is disabled. Otherwise you may get packaging error and to my knowledge only solution is to create another mkysyb image and you may not be so lucky.

```
# mkysyb -ip -X /mkysyb_image/sidtest2.mkysyb
```

```
Creating information file (/image.data) for rootvg.
```

```
Creating list of files to back up
```

```
Backing up 64284 files.....
```

```
64284 of 64284 files backed up (100%)
```

```
0512-038 mkysyb: Backup Completed Successfully.
```

Check the size

```
# ls -ls /mkysyb_image/sidtest2.mkysyb
```

```
2351104 -rw-r--r-- 1 root system 2407526400 Dec 31 13:36 /mkysyb_image/  
sidtest2.mkysyb
```

Now I will run lsmkysyb to verify the image

```
# lsmkysyb -f /mkysyb_image/sidtest2.mkysyb
```

And last few lines of the output

```

118156 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/rdump
117416 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/restbyinode
189334 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/rollback
119172 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/rrestore
86530 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/snapshot
33460 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/statfs64
 24 ./sbin/helpers/jfs2/umount
43104 ./sbin/helpers/nfsmnthelp
 4304 ./sbin/helpers/pmefsmnthelp
13336 ./sbin/helpers/stnfsmnthelp
 6552 ./sbin/helpers/udfsmnthelp
162352 ./sbin/helpers/v3fshelper
 34 ./sbin/install-info
33468 ./sbin/rc.boot
 0 ./tftpboot
 0 ./tmp
 5 ./u
21 ./unix
 0 ./usr
 0 ./var
 0 ./proc
total size: 2390015101
files archived: 64284

```

I am sure that mksysb image is complete and as I used `-p` to disable software packaging I am 100% sure that this image is a perfect image and I can use it anywhere I want, even I can install this image in a Power4 Server too. Now I will copy this image to sidnim server /images directory and now it is in sidnim

```

root@sidnim-~/images>ls
lost+found      sidtest2.mksysb

```

Next I will define this image as mksysb image and see if it is showing. I use capital letter for mksysb name

for better readability. Do whatever you want.

```

root@sidnim-~/images>nim -o define -t mksysb -a server=master \
> -a location=/images/sidtest2.mksysb SIDTEST2_MKSYSB
root@sidnim-~/images>lsnim -t mksysb
SIDTEST2_MKSYSB      resources      mksysb

```

Now I will allocate this image to sidtest3 and install from this mksysb image. sidtest3 is different hardware

platform. Check below all the details before we start loading sidtest3.

```

root@sidnim-~/images>nim -o bos_inst -a source=mksysb -a mksysb=SIDTEST2_MKSYSB \
> -a spot=710TL0SP1spot -a lpp_source=710TL0SP1lpp -a accept_licenses=yes \
> -a no_client_boot=yes -a force_push=no sidtest3

```

```

root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -l sidtest3
sidtest3:
  class      = machines
  type       = standalone
  connect    = shell
  platform   = chrp
  netboot_kernel = 64
  if1        = SEC_NIM sidtest3 0
  cable_type1 = bnc
  Cstate     = BOS installation has been enabled
  prev_state = ready for a NIM operation
  Mstate     = currently running
  boot       = boot
  lpp_source = 710TLOSP1lpp
  mkysyb     = SIDTEST2_MKSYSB
  nim_script = nim_script
  spot       = 710TLOSP1spot
  cpuid      = 00CBA1EE4C00
  control    = master

```

```

root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -l SIDTEST2_MKSYSB
SIDTEST2_MKSYSB:
  class      = resources
  type       = mkysyb
  Rstate     = ready for use
  prev_state = unavailable for use
  location    = /images/sidtest2.mkysyb
  version     = 7
  release     = 1
  mod         = 0
  oslevel_r   = 7100-00
  alloc_count = 1
  server      = master
  creation_date = Sat Dec 31 12:57:08 2011

```

Now I will boot the sidtest3 server from network. After setting bootlist to boot from network.

```

# uname -a
AIX sidtest3 1 7 00CBA1EE4C00
# ifconfig -a
en0: flags=5e080863,c0<UP,BROADCAST,NOTRAILERS,RUNNING,SIMPLEX,MULTICAST,GRUPT
,64BIT,CHECKSUM_OFFLOAD(ACTIVE),PSEG,LARGESEND,CHAIN>
  inet 10.10.10.11 netmask 0xffffffe0 broadcast 10.10.10.31
  tcp_sendspace 131072 tcp_recvspace 65536 rfc1323 0
# bootlist -m normal ent0 speed=auto duplex=auto gateway=10.10.10.1 \
> bserver=10.10.10.1 client=10.10.10.11
# bootlist -m normal -o
ent0 speed=auto duplex=auto bserver=10.10.10.1 client=10.10.10.11 gateway=10.10.
10.1

```

After rebooting

IBM
IBM
IBM
IBM
IBM IBM

BOOTP: chosen-network-type = ethernet,auto,rj45,auto
BOOTP: server IP = 10.10.10.1
BOOTP: requested filename =
BOOTP: client IP = 10.10.10.11
BOOTP: client HW addr = 0 11 25 8 b4 d
BOOTP: gateway IP = 10.10.10.1
BOOTP: device /pci@80000002000000c/pci@2/ethernet@1
BOOTP: loc-code U7311.D20.108C35A-P1-C06-T1

BOOTP R = 1 BOOTP S = 2
FILE: /tftpboot/sidtest3
FINAL Packet Count = 34707
FINAL File Size = 17769472 bytes.
load-base=0x4000
real-base=0x2000000

Elapsed time since release of system processors: 236522 mins 57 secs

Welcome to AIX,
boot image timestamp: 15:47 12/31
The current time and date: 20:39:25 12/31/2011
processor count: 2; memory size: 4096MB; kernel size: 35064581
boot device: /pci@80000002000000c/pci@2/ethernet@1:speed=auto,duplex=auto,bootp,
10.10.10.1,,10.10.10.11,10.10.10.1

And now after selecting Console, Language, Disk, etc..... etc... see below

Installing Base Operating System

Please wait...

Approximate % tasks complete	Elapsed time (in minutes)	
35	1	38% of mksysb data restored.

After few seconds

Installing Base Operating System

Please wait...

Approximate % tasks complete	Elapsed time (in minutes)	
83	2	Over mounting /.

And another few minutes

Installing Base Operating System

Please wait...

Approximate % tasks complete	Elapsed time (in minutes)	
89	4	Copying Cu* to disk.

Installing Base Operating System

Please wait...

Approximate % tasks complete	Elapsed time (in minutes)
---------------------------------	------------------------------

90	4	Creating boot image.
----	---	----------------------

And now booting in less than 5 minutes

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Rebooting . . .

And now back to login prompt.

AIX Version 7

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Console login: root

```
*****
*                                                                 *
*                                                                 *
* Welcome to AIX Version 7.1!                                     *
*                                                                 *
*                                                                 *
* Please see the README file in /usr/lpp/bos for information pertinent to *
* this release of the AIX Operating System.                       *
*                                                                 *
*                                                                 *
*****
```

Last login: Sat Dec 31 13:50:47 2011 on /dev/vty0

uname -a

AIX sidtest3 1 7 00CBA1EE4C00

w

01:52PM	up 3 mins,	1 user,	load average: 0.32, 0.19, 0.08			
User	tty	login@	idle	JCPU	PCPU	what
root	vty0	01:52PM	0	0	0	w

So I just loaded a p5 550 lpar using a mksysb image created from mma lpar (p6) and close to 2.2 GB mksysb image took less than 5 Min to load. Pretty amazing, isn't it.

Next thing I am going to show you how to create a new lpp_source and spot using existing one.

I created one separate temporary filesystem in rootvg (have plenty of space in rootvg and it is temporary)

and mounted it /TMP_UPDATE. And just downloaded AIX 7.1 TL1 SP3 update files from IBM Fix Central and transferred all of them to sidnim server /TMP_UPDATE directory. Now I have to update my NIM

server to AIX 7.1 TL0 Service Pack 3 from current level of 7.1 TL0 SP1.

```
root@sidnim-(</TMP_UPDATE/710TLOSP3>inutoc .
root@sidnim-(</TMP_UPDATE/710TLOSP3>installp -aXygvd . ALL
bos.rte.filesystem          7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
bos.rte.filesystem          7.1.0.15      ROOT     APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.isa_sio.chrp.ecp.rt  7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.isa_sio.pnpPNP.501. 7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
bos.rte                      7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
bos.rte                      7.1.0.15      ROOT     APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pci.c1110358.rte     7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pci.df1000f7.com     7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pci.df1000f7.com     7.1.0.15      ROOT     APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.isa_sio.pnpPNP.700.  7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pciex.771000801410b 7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pciex.14103d03.diag 7.1.0.0       USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.common.IBM.mpt2.dia  7.1.0.0       USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pciex.001072001410e 7.1.0.0       USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
artex.base.samples          7.1.0.15      USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
artex.base.samples          7.1.0.15      ROOT     APPLY      SUCCESS
devices.pciex.001072001410f 7.1.0.0       USR      APPLY      SUCCESS
```

```
installp: * * * A T T E N T I O N ! ! !
          Software changes processed during this session require this system
          and any of its diskless/dataless clients to be rebooted in order
          for the changes to be made effective.
```

Now "oslevel -s" output below

```
root@sidnim-(</TMP_UPDATE/710TLOSP3>oslevel -s
7100-00-03-1115
```

Now I will copy the existing 710TLOSP1lpp image to 710TLOSP3lpp and then I will update it to SP3.

This way I will have both images in case I need it. First I will see the list

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -t lpp_source
710TLOSP1lpp      resources      lpp_source
610TL6SP2lpp      resources      lpp_source
```

Now I will start copying to new name. It will take some time.

```
root@sidnim-(</>)nim -o define -t lpp_source -a server=master \
> -a source=710TLOSP1lpp -a location=/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp \
> 710TLOSP3lpp
Preparing to copy install images (this will take several minutes)...
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/DirectorPlatformAgent.6.2.0.1.I
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/DirectorCommonAgent.6.2.0.1.I
Now checking for missing install images...
All required install images have been found. This lpp_source is now ready.
```

Copying just finished and now I will update this image to SP3, see below

```
root@sidnim-(</>)nim -o update -a packages=all -a source=/TMP_UPDATE/710TLOSP3 \
> 710TLOSP3lpp

/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/bos.msg.cs_CZ.7.1.0.1.I
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/bos.msg.cs_CZ.7.1.0.1.I
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/invscout.rte.2.2.0.17.I
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/rsct.opt.stackdump.3.1.0.2.U
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/rsct.basic.rte.3.1.0.4.U
/export/lpp_source/710TLOSP3lpp/installp/ppc/rsct.core.rmc.3.1.0.4.U
```

Once done

```
root@sidnim-(</>)lsnim -t lpp_source
710TLOSP1lpp      resources      lpp_source
610TL6SP2lpp      resources      lpp_source
710TLOSP3lpp      resources      lpp_source
```

Now I will create the spot from the new lpp-source. I will check back after 30 minutes.

```
root@sidnim-/>nim -o define -t spot -a server=master -a source=710TLOSP3lpp \  
> -a location=/export/spot 710TLOSP3spot
```

Creating SPOT in "/export/spot" on machine "master" from "710TLOSP3lpp" ...

Restoring files from BOS image. This may take several minutes ...